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GA. 51 16/17

Governance and Audit Committee

Date 14 March 2017

Subject: External Audit - Annual Audit Plan 2016/17

Report by: John Cornett KPMG

Contact Officer: Tracey Bircumshaw

Financial Services Manager

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The purpose of the report is to explain the

Purpose / Summary: process of the External Audit of the Statement of

Accounts and approach to the Value for Money

Audit 2016/17

RECOMMENDATION(S):

That Members note and receive the information contained within this report.

IMPLICATIONS

Legal:					
The report is in accordance with the Audit Commission Act 1998 and Audit Code of Practice					
Financial : FIN/136/17 The annual audit fee 2016/17 and any additional work required to address significant risk within the Value for Money Audit will be met from the approved budget.					
Ota Waran					
Staffing :					
None arising from this report.					
Equality and Diversity including Human Rights :					
None arising from this report					
None anding nom this report					
Risk Assessment :					
None arising from this report.					
Climate Related Risks and Opportunities :					
None arising from this report.					
Title and Location of any Background Papers used in the prep report:	aratio	on of this			
•					
Call in and Urgency:					
Is the decision one which Rule 14.7 of the Scrutiny Procedure Rules apply?					
i.e. is the report exempt from being called in due to urgency (in consultation with C&I chairman)	x				
Key Decision:					
A matter which affects two or more wards, or has significant financial implications Yes	X				

Executive Summary

The report explains the process of the external audit of the Statement of Accounts and the approach to the Value for Money audit 2016/17.

The main areas of audit focus will be;

- Materiality is set at £850k (our approved materiality is £750K)
- Significant risk Pensions Liability (per triennial review)
- Reporting formats (due to CIPFA Guidance changes)
- Disclosures of the Councils companies
- Provision for Business Rates appeals

The Auditor will ultimately give his opinion on whether the Statement of Accounts is compliant with statutory requirements and that they have been prepared in accordance with proper accounting practices, and that adequate arrangements are in place to achieve Value for Money in the use of resources.

The audit will take a risk based approach, which will be reassessed throughout the process.

The report will be presented by John Cornett, Director, KPMG LLP (UK).



External Audit Plan 2016/2017

West Lindsey District Council

January 2017

Headlines

Financial Statement Audit



There are no significant changes to the Code of Practice on Local Authority Accounting in 2016/17, which provides stability in terms of the accounting standards the Authority need to comply with.

Materiality

Materiality for planning purposes has been based on last year's expenditure and set at £0.85 million.

We are obliged to report to 'those charged with governance' uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial'. The 'trivial' threshold has been set at £42.000.

Significant risks

Those risks requiring specific audit attention and procedures to address the likelihood of a material financial statement error have been identified as:

Significant changes in the pension liability due to LGPS Triennial Valuation.

Other areas of audit focus

Those risks with less likelihood of giving rise to a material error but which are nevertheless worthy of audit understanding have been identified as:

- The 2016 CIPFA Code on Local Authority Accounting changes to the formats and reporting requirements for the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the Movement in Reserves Statement, and the new Expenditure and Funding Analysis.
- Disclosure of the Authority's companies.
- Provision for Business Rate appeals

See pages 3 to 5 for more details.

Value for Money Arrangements work



We have identified one specific areas of focus for our continuing audit work

 Medium term financial planning, which is relevant to the sustainable resource deployment sub-criteria of the VFM conclusion.

We will update our assessment throughout the year and report in our ISA260.

See pages 6 to 9 for more details.

Logistics



Our team is:

- John Cornett –Director
- Mike Norman –Manager
- Vikash Patel Assistant manager

More details are on page 12.

Our work will be completed in four phases from December to September and our key deliverables are this Audit Plan and a Report to those charged with Governance as outlined on page 11.

Our planned fee for the audit is £43,403 (£43,403 2015/2016) see page 10.



Introduction

Background and Statutory responsibilities

This document supplements our Audit Fee Letter 2016/17 presented to you in April 2016, which also sets out details of our appointment by Public Sector Audit Appointments Ltd (PSAA).

Our statutory responsibilities and powers are set out in the Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 and the National Audit Office's Code of Audit Practice.

Our audit has two key objectives, requiring us to audit/review and report on your:

- Financial statements (including the Annual Governance Statement): Providing an opinion on your accounts; and
- Use of resources: Concluding on the arrangements in place for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in your use of resources (the value for money conclusion).

The audit planning process and risk assessment is an on-going process and the assessment and fees in this plan will be kept under review and updated if necessary.

Acknowledgements

We would like to take this opportunity to thank officers and Members for their continuing help and co-operation throughout our audit work.

Financial Statements Audit

Our financial statements audit work follows a four stage audit process which is identified below. Appendix 1 provides more detail on the activities that this includes. This report concentrates on the Financial Statements Audit Planning stage of the Financial Statements Audit.

Financial
Statements Audit
Planning

Control
Evaluation

Substantive
Procedures

Completion

Value for Money Arrangements Work

Our Value for Money (VFM) Arrangements Work follows a five stage process which is identified below. Page 6 provides more detail on the activities that this includes. This report concentrates on explaining the VFM approach for the 2016/17 and the findings of our VFM risk assessment.





Financial statements audit planning



Financial Statements Audit Planning

Our planning work takes place during December 2016 to February 2017. This involves the following key aspects:

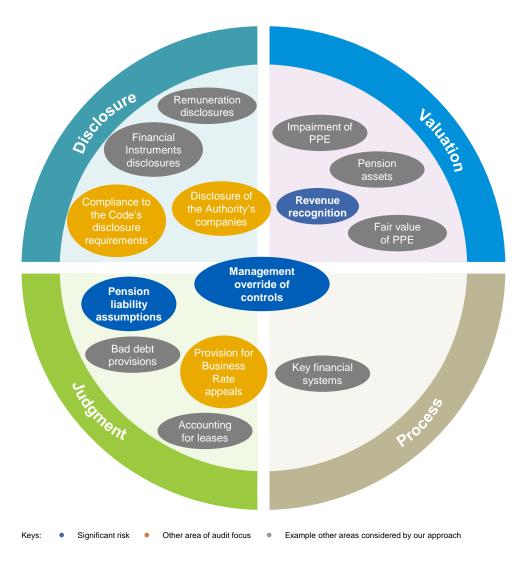
- Risk assessment;
- Determining our materiality level; and
- Issuing this audit plan to communicate our audit strategy.

Risk assessment

Professional standards require us to consider two standard risks for all organisations. We are not elaborating on these standard risks in this plan but consider them as a matter of course in our audit and will include any findings arising from our work in our ISA 260 Report.

- Management override of controls Management is typically in a powerful position to perpetrate fraud owing to its ability to manipulate accounting records and prepare fraudulent financial statements by overriding controls that otherwise appear to be operating effectively. Our audit methodology incorporates the risk of management override as a default significant risk. In line with our methodology, we carry out appropriate controls testing and substantive procedures, including over journal entries, accounting estimates and significant transactions that are outside the normal course of business, or are otherwise unusual.
- Fraudulent revenue recognition We do not consider this to be a significant risk for local authorities as there are limited incentives and opportunities to manipulate the way income is recognised. We therefore rebut this risk and do not incorporate specific work into our audit plan in this area over and above our standard fraud procedures.

The diagram opposite identifies, significant risks and other areas of audit focus, which we expand on overleaf. The diagram also identifies a range of other areas considered by our audit approach.





Financial statements audit planning (cont.)



Significant Audit Risks

Those risks requiring specific audit attention and procedures to address the likelihood of a material financial statement error.

Risk: Significant changes in the pension liability due to LGPS Triennial Valuation

During the year, the Local Government Pension Scheme for Lincolnshire (the Pension Fund) has undergone a triennial valuation with an effective date of 31 March 2016 in line with the Local Government Pension Scheme (Administration) Regulations 2013. The Authority's share of pensions assets and liabilities is determined in detail, and a large volume of data is provided to the actuary in order to carry out this triennial valuation.

The pension liability numbers to be included in the financial statements for 2016/17 will be based on the output of the triennial valuation rolled forward to 31 March 2017. For 2017/18 and 2018/19 the actuary will then roll forward the valuation for accounting purposes based on more limited data.

There is a risk that the data provided to the actuary for the valuation exercise is inaccurate and that these inaccuracies affect the actuarial figures in the accounts. Most of the data is provided to the actuary by Lincolnshire County Council, who administer the Pension Fund.

Our approach: As part of our audit, we will agree any data provided by the Authority to the actuary, back to the relevant systems and reports from which it was derived, in addition to checking the accuracy of this data.

We will also liaise with the KPMG Pension Fund Audit Team, who are the auditors of the Pension Fund, where this data was provided by the Pension Fund on the Authority's behalf to check the completeness and accuracy such data.

Other areas of audit focus

Those risks with less likelihood of giving rise to a material error but which are nevertheless worthy of audit understanding.

Risk: 2016 CIPFA Code on Local Authority Accounting

The new Code includes a small number of important changes on the previous year's reporting requirements. The changes include new formats and reporting requirements for the Comprehensive Income and Expenditure Statement and the Movement in Reserves Statement, and the introduction of a new Expenditure and Funding Analysis as a result of CIPFA's 'Telling the Story' review of the presentation of local authority financial statements.

Our approach: We will liaise with the Authority's finance team regarding the new requirements and agree the new disclosures, including the restatement of the prior year comparators.

Risk: Disclosure of the Authority's companies

The Authority has established WLDC Trading Ltd as a holding company for its commercial operations and has already set up the first of its planned Companies Limited by Shares (Surestaff). The Authority is planning to set up its second company under this structure (for operating the Authority's Building Control commercial services). It is important that the Council ensure that the financial statements properly reflect its relationship with these companies.

Our approach: We will liaise with the Authority's finance team regarding the planned accounting and disclosure of these companies.

Risk: Provision for Business Rate appeals

The level of unsettled business rates appeals has not significantly reduced nationally and there is the continuing risk that the amounts set aside as provisions may not be adequate. The provision at 31/3/16 (£0.77m) is close to our overall materiality level.

Our approach: We will review the basis of the 2016/17 provision and assess it adequacy.



Financial statements audit planning (cont.)



Materiality

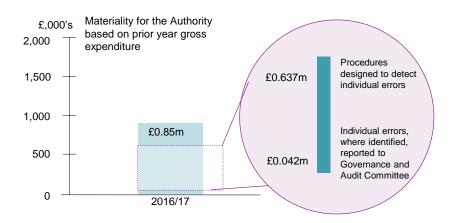
We are required to plan our audit to determine with reasonable confidence whether or not the financial statements are free from material misstatement. An omission or misstatement is regarded as material if it would reasonably influence the user of financial statements. This therefore involves an assessment of the qualitative and quantitative nature of omissions and misstatements.

Generally, we would not consider differences in opinion in respect of areas of judgement to represent 'misstatements' unless the application of that judgement results in a financial amount falling outside of a range which we consider to be acceptable.

Materiality for planning purposes has been set at £0.85 million which equates to 1.9% of gross expenditure. We design our procedures to detect errors in specific accounts at a lower level of precision (£0.637 million).

Reporting to the Governance and Audit Committee

Whilst our audit procedures are designed to identify misstatements which are material to our opinion on the financial statements as a whole, we nevertheless report to the Governance and Audit Committee any unadjusted misstatements of lesser amounts to the extent that these are identified by our audit work.



Under ISA 260(UK&I) 'Communication with those charged with governance', we are obliged to report uncorrected omissions or misstatements other than those which are 'clearly trivial' to those charged with governance. ISA 260 (UK&I) defines 'clearly trivial' as matters that are clearly inconsequential, whether taken individually or in aggregate and whether judged by any quantitative or qualitative criteria.

In the context of the Authority, we propose that an individual difference could normally be considered to be clearly trivial if it is less than £42,000.

If management have corrected material misstatements identified during the course of the audit, we will consider whether those corrections should be communicated to the Governance and Audit Committee to assist it in fulfilling its governance responsibilities.



Value for money arrangements work

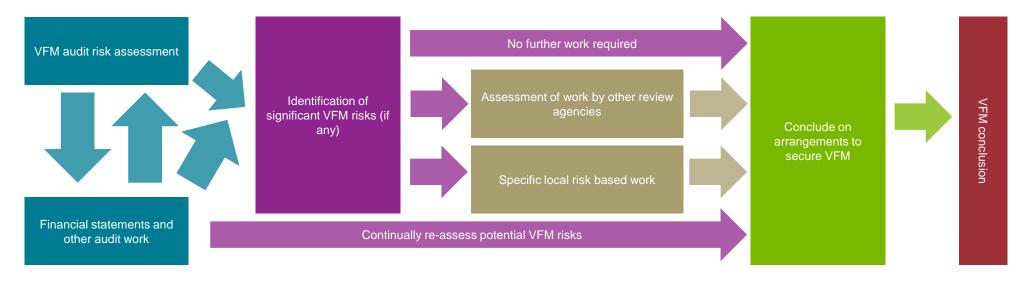


Background to approach to VFM work

The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 requires auditors of local government bodies to be satisfied that the authority 'has made proper arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in its use of resources'.

This is supported by the Code of Audit Practice, published by the NAO in April 2015, which requires auditors to 'take into account their knowledge of the relevant local sector as a whole, and the audited body specifically, to identify any risks that, in the auditor's judgement, have the potential to cause the auditor to reach an inappropriate conclusion on the audited body's arrangements.'

The VFM approach is fundamentally unchanged from that adopted in 2015/2016 and the process is shown in the diagram below. The diagram overleaf shows the details of the criteria for our VFM work.





Value for money arrangements work (cont.)



Overall criterion

In all significant respects, the audited body had proper arrangements to ensure it took properly informed decisions and deployed resources to achieve planned and sustainable outcomes for taxpayers and local people.

Sustainable

resource

deployment

Informed decision making

Proper arrangements:

Working

with

partners

and third parties

- Working with third parties effectively to deliver strategic priorities.
- Commissioning services effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities.
- Procuring supplies and services effectively to support the delivery of strategic priorities.

Proper arrangements:

- Acting in the public interest, through demonstrating and applying the principles and values of sound governance.
- Understanding and using appropriate and reliable financial and performance information to support informed decision making and performance management.
- Reliable and timely financial reporting that supports the delivery of strategic priorities.
- Managing risks effectively and maintaining a sound system of internal control.

Proper arrangements:

- Planning finances effectively to support the sustainable delivery of strategic priorities and maintain statutory functions.
- Managing and utilising assets to support the delivery of strategic priorities.
- Planning, organising and developing the workforce effectively to deliver strategic priorities.



Value for money arrangements work (cont.)



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Value for money arrangements work (cont.)



VFM audit stage

Audit approach

Assessment of work by other review agencies

and

Delivery of local risk based work Depending on the nature of the significant VFM risk identified, we may be able to draw on the work of other inspectorates, review agencies and other relevant bodies to provide us with the necessary evidence to reach our conclusion on the risk.

If such evidence is not available, we will instead need to consider what additional work we will be required to undertake to satisfy ourselves that we have reasonable evidence to support the conclusion that we will draw. Such work may include:

- Meeting with senior managers across the Authority;
- Review of minutes and internal reports;
- Examination of financial models for reasonableness, using our own experience and benchmarking data from within and without the sector.

Concluding on VFM arrangements

At the conclusion of the VFM audit we will consider the results of the work undertaken and assess the assurance obtained against each of the VFM themes regarding the adequacy of the Authority's arrangements for securing economy, efficiency and effectiveness in the use of resources.

If any issues are identified that may be significant to this assessment, and in particular if there are issues that indicate we may need to consider qualifying our VFM conclusion, we will discuss these with management as soon as possible. Such issues will also be considered more widely as part of KPMG's quality control processes, to help ensure the consistency of auditors' decisions.

Reporting

We have completed our initial VFM risk assessment and have not at this stage identified any significant VFM risks. We have identified one specific area of focus for our continuing audit work:

- Medium term financial planning - The Authority continues to face similar financial pressures and uncertainties to those experienced by others in the local government sector. The Authority needs to have effective arrangements in place for managing its annual budget, generating income and identifying and implementing any savings required to balance its medium term financial plan. This is relevant to the sustainable resource deployment sub-criteria of the VFM conclusion.

We will update our assessment throughout the year should any issues present themselves and report against these in our ISA260.

We will report on the results of the VFM audit through our ISA 260 Report. This will summarise any specific matters arising, and the basis for our overall conclusion.

The key output from the work will be the VFM conclusion (i.e. our opinion on the Authority's arrangements for securing VFM), which forms part of our audit report.



Other matters

Whole of government accounts (WGA)

We are required to review your WGA consolidation and undertake the work specified under the approach that is agreed with HM Treasury and the National Audit Office. Deadlines for production of the pack and the specified approach for 2016/17 have not yet been confirmed.

Elector challenge

The Local Audit and Accountability Act 2014 gives electors certain rights. These are:

- The right to inspect the accounts;
- The right to ask the auditor questions about the accounts; and
- The right to object to the accounts.

As a result of these rights, in particular the right to object to the accounts, we may need to undertake additional work to form our decision on the elector's objection. The additional work could range from a small piece of work where we interview an officer and review evidence to form our decision, to a more detailed piece of work, where we have to interview a range of officers, review significant amounts of evidence and seek legal representations on the issues raised.

The costs incurred in responding to specific questions or objections raised by electors is not part of the fee. This work will be charged in accordance with the PSAA's fee scales.

Our audit team

Our audit team will again be led by John Cornett, with Mike Norman replacing Adrian Benselin as the Manager on the audit. Appendix 2 provides more details on specific roles and contact details of the team.

Reporting and communication

Reporting is a key part of the audit process, not only in communicating the audit findings for the year, but also in ensuring the audit team are accountable to you in addressing the issues identified as part of the audit strategy. Throughout the year we will communicate with you through meetings with the finance team and the Governance and Audit Committee. Our communication outputs are included in Appendix 1.

Independence and Objectivity

Auditors are also required to be independent and objective. Appendix 3 provides more details of our confirmation of independence and objectivity.

Audit fee

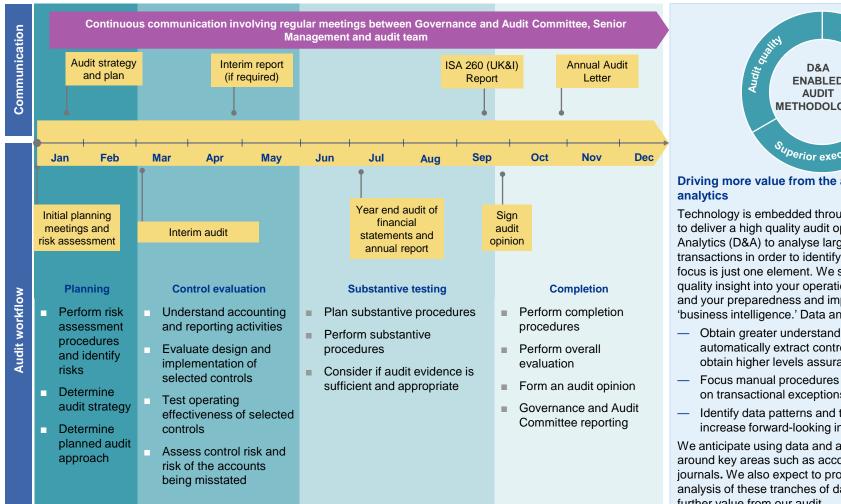
Our Audit Fee Letter 2016/2017 presented to you in April 2016 first set out the scale fee set by PSAA for the 2016/2017 audit. This letter also set out our assumptions. The scale audit fee for 2016/17 is £43,403 (£43,403 2015/2016). We have not at this stage proposed any change to the scale fee. We have identified significant audit risks in this plan and will update the Authority if the fee needs to change to accommodate any additional audit work required in response to these risks.

Our audit fee includes our work on the VFM conclusion and our audit of the Authority's financial statements.



Appendix 1: Key elements of our financial statements audit approach







Driving more value from the audit through data and

Technology is embedded throughout our audit approach to deliver a high quality audit opinion. Use of Data and Analytics (D&A) to analyse large populations of transactions in order to identify key areas for our audit focus is just one element. We strive to deliver new quality insight into your operations that enhances our and your preparedness and improves your collective 'business intelligence.' Data and Analytics allows us to:

- Obtain greater understanding of your processes, to automatically extract control configurations and to obtain higher levels assurance.
- Focus manual procedures on key areas of risk and on transactional exceptions.
- Identify data patterns and the root cause of issues to increase forward-looking insight.

We anticipate using data and analytics in our work around key areas such as accounts payable and journals. We also expect to provide insights from our analysis of these tranches of data in our reporting to add further value from our audit.



Appendix 2: Audit team



Your audit team has been drawn from our specialist public sector assurance department. Mike Norman is replacing Adrian Benselin as Manager on the audit team.

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lare.	

John Cornett
Director
0116 256 6064
John.cornett@kpmg.co.uk

Name	John Cornett
Position	Director
	'My role is to lead our team and ensure the delivery of a high quality, valued added external audit opinion.
	I will be the main point of contact for the Governance and Audit Committee and Chief Executive.'



Mike Norman

Manager

0115 935 3544

michael.norman@kpmg.co.uk

Name	Mike Norman
Position	Manager
	'I provide quality assurance for the audit work and specifically any technical accounting and risk areas.
	I will work closely with John Cornett and Adrian Benselin as part of the handover.
	I will liaise with the Director of Resources and other senior managers.'



Name	Vikash Patei
Position	Assistant Manager
	'I will be responsible for the on-site delivery of our work and will supervise the work of our audit assistants.'

Vikash Patel
Assistant Manager
0116 256 6069
Vikash.patel@kpmg.co.uk



Appendix 3: Independence and objectivity requirements

Independence and objectivity

Professional standards require auditors to communicate to those charged with governance, at least annually, all relationships that may bear on the firm's independence and the objectivity of the audit engagement partner and audit staff. The standards also place requirements on auditors in relation to integrity, objectivity and independence.

The standards define 'those charged with governance' as 'those persons entrusted with the supervision, control and direction of an entity'. In your case this is the Governance and Audit Committee.

KPMG LLP is committed to being and being seen to be independent. APB Ethical Standards require us to communicate to you in writing all significant facts and matters, including those related to the provision of non-audit services and the safeguards put in place, in our professional judgement, may reasonably be thought to bear on KPMG LLP's independence and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and the audit team.

Further to this auditors are required by the National Audit Office's Code of Audit Practice to:

- Carry out their work with integrity, independence and objectivity;
- Be transparent and report publicly as required;
- Be professional and proportional in conducting work;
- Be mindful of the activities of inspectorates to prevent duplication;
- Take a constructive and positive approach to their work;
- Comply with data statutory and other relevant requirements relating to the security, transfer, holding, disclosure and disposal of information.

PSAA's Terms of Appointment includes several references to arrangements designed to support and reinforce the requirements relating to independence, which auditors must comply with. These are as follows:

 Auditors and senior members of their staff who are directly involved in the management, supervision or delivery of PSAA audit work should not take part in political activity.

- No member or employee of the firm should accept or hold an appointment as a member of an audited body whose auditor is, or is proposed to be, from the same firm. In addition, no member or employee of the firm should accept or hold such appointments at related bodies, such as those linked to the audited body through a strategic partnership.
- Audit staff are expected not to accept appointments as Governors at certain types of schools within the local authority.
- Auditors and their staff should not be employed in any capacity (whether paid or unpaid) by an audited body or other organisation providing services to an audited body whilst being employed by the firm.
- Auditors appointed by the PSAA should not accept engagements which involve commenting on the performance of other PSAA auditors on PSAA work without first consulting PSAA.
- Auditors are expected to comply with the Terms of Appointment policy for the Engagement Lead to be changed on a periodic basis.
- Audit suppliers are required to obtain the PSAA's written approval prior to changing any Engagement Lead in respect of each audited body.
- Certain other staff changes or appointments require positive action to be taken by Firms as set out in the Terms of Appointment.

Confirmation statement

We confirm that as of January 2017 in our professional judgement, KPMG LLP is independent within the meaning of regulatory and professional requirements and the objectivity of the Engagement Lead and audit team is not impaired.











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This report is addressed to the Authority and has been prepared for the sole use of the Authority. We take no responsibility to any member of staff acting in their individual capacities, or to third parties. We draw your attention to the Statement of Responsibilities of auditors and audited bodies, which is available on Public Sector Audit Appointment's website (www.psaa.co.uk).

External auditors do not act as a substitute for the audited body's own responsibility for putting in place proper arrangements to ensure that public business is conducted in accordance with the law and proper standards, and that public money is safeguarded and properly accounted for, and used economically, efficiently and effectively.

We are committed to providing you with a high quality service. If you have any concerns or are dissatisfied with any part of KPMG's work, in the first instance you should contact John Cornett the engagement lead to the Authority, who will try to resolve your complaint. If you are dissatisfied with your response please contact the national lead partner for all of KPMG's work under our contract with Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited, Andrew Sayers, by email to Andrew.Sayers@kpmg.co.uk. After this, if you are still dissatisfied with how your complaint has been handled you can access PSAA's complaints procedure by emailing generalenquiries@psaa.co.uk by telephoning 020 7072 7445 or by writing to Public Sector Audit Appointments Limited, 3rd Floor, Local Government House, Smith Square, London, SW1P3HZ.